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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/796,254	03/09/2004	Kenji Sanada	4296-172 US	2390
759	90 08/22/2005		EXAMI	INER
Diane Dunn McKay, Esq.			ZUCKER, PAUL A	
Mathews, Collin	ns, Shepherd & Mckay, P.	A.	ART UNIT PAPER NUMBER	
100 Thanet Circle Princeton, NJ 08540			1621	
			DATE MAILED: 08/22/2005	5

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

			
_	Application No.	Applicant(s)	2
	10/796,254	SANADA ET AL.	
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit	
	Paul A. Zucker	1621	
The MAILING DATE of this communication appeariod for Reply	opears on the cover sheet with the	correspondence address -	
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPI THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a re - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statu Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the maili earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be to ply within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) dad will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the cause the application to become ABANDON	imely filed ays will be considered timely. m the mailing date of this communica IED (35 U.S.C. § 133).	ation.
Status			
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on	·		
2a) This action is FINAL . 2b) ☑ Th	is action is non-final.	•	
3) Since this application is in condition for allows closed in accordance with the practice under	•		s is
Disposition of Claims			
4) ☐ Claim(s) 1-7 is/are pending in the application. 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdra 5) ☐ Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) ☐ Claim(s) 1-7 is/are rejected. 7) ☐ Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) ☐ Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/	awn from consideration.		
Application Papers			
9) The specification is objected to by the Examin			
10)⊠ The drawing(s) filed on <u>09 March 2004</u> is/are:		•	
Applicant may not request that any objection to the		` '	
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the E		•	` '
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119			
 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority document 2. Certified copies of the priority document 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority application from the International Bureat * See the attached detailed Office action for a list 	nts have been received. Its have been received in Applicatority documents have been received in Applicatority documents have been received.	tion No ved in this National Stage	
Attachment(s)			
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) Interview Summar		
 Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08 Paper No(s)/Mail Date 6/4/2004. 	Paper No(s)/Mail D Notice of Informal 6) Other:	Date Patent Application (PTO-152)	

Application/Control Number: 10/796,254 Page 2

Art Unit: 1621

DETAILED ACTION

Specification

The lengthy specification has not been checked to the extent necessary to
determine the presence of all possible minor errors. Applicant's cooperation is
requested in correcting any errors of which applicant may become aware in the
specification.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.

2. Claims 2-7 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention. Claim 2 recites the limitation "the stop of the operation is effected by" in lines 1-3. Claim 2 however does not set forth a step that causes the operation to stop only steps for determining whether the operation should be stopped. Claim 2 and its dependents are therefore rendered indefinite

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Application/Control Number: 10/796,254 Page 3

Art Unit: 1621

The factual inquiries set forth in *Graham* v. *John Deere Co.*, 383 U.S. 1, 148 USPQ 459 (1966), that are applied for establishing a background for determining obviousness under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) are summarized as follows:

1. Determining the scope and contents of the prior art.

2. Ascertaining the differences between the prior art and the claims at issue.

3. Resolving the level of ordinary skill in the pertinent art.

- 4. Considering objective evidence present in the application indicating obviousness or nonobviousness.
- 3. Claims 1- 7 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Miller et al (JP 2001-114706 05-2001).

Instantly claimed is a method for managing the operation of an apparatus for the reaction of gas phase oxidation while the apparatus is in trouble, characterized by stopping the operation of said apparatus exclusively when the value of the concentration of a gas obtained by calculation based on the flow rate of the gas at the inlet port of the relevant reactor and the value measured by analysis with a gas analyzing instrument both deviate from the relevant preset ranges.

Miller teaches (Machine translation, paragraphs [0017]-[0024]) a process for the oxidation of hydrocarbons such as propene and butane, in the presence of oxygen, to corresponding oxidized products such as maleic anhydride and acrylonitrile. Miller teaches (Machine translation, paragraph [0024]) the co-production of acrylic acid and acrylonitrile. Miller teaches (Machine translation, paragraphs [0025]-[0031]) control of the input of the raw material hydrocarbon and oxygen gases using flow detection as well as the use of oxygen density sensors in the reactor outflow.

Application/Control Number: 10/796,254 Page 4

Art Unit: 1621

The difference between the process instantly claimed and that taught by Miller is that in the instantly claimed process the decision to stop a reaction is based on the data from both input and out put sensors while Miller is silent with regard to stopping the reaction.

Miller, however, teaches that the reactor effluent gas is partitioned and separated, and un-oxidized hydrocarbon is recycled to the input gas stream. Thus any decision to stop the reaction based upon the output of the reactor necessarily involves the consideration of both input and output sensor data since they are linked through a recycle loop. The Examiner also notes that the principal advantage of the process as taught (Machine translation, Abstract) by Miller is that stable (i.e. trouble free) operation is achieved by monitoring and controlling both input and output streams.

Thus one of ordinary skill in the art would have been motivated by the teaching of Miller to produce the instant process since Miller teaches that stable, trouble-free oxidations can be performed thereby. There would also therefor have been a reasonable expectation for success.

Thus the instantly claimed process would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art.

Conclusion

4. Claims 1-7 are pending. Claims 1-7 are rejected.

Art Unit: 1621

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Paul A. Zucker whose telephone number is 571-272-0650. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Friday 5:30-2:00.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Johann R. Richter can be reached on 571-272-0646. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

PAIN A ZUCKER PH.D.

PRIMARY EXAMINER